



Revision Number: 006.0

Issue date: 10/25/2017

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name:	LOCTITE PC 7393 known as Kit 96675	IDH number:	702220
Product type:	Polyurethane hardener	Item number:	96675_00274000
Restriction of Use:	None identified	Region:	United States
Company address:	Contact information:		
Henkel Corporation	Telephone: +1 (860) 571-5100		
Henkel Way One	MEDICAL EMERGENCY Phone: Poison Control Center		
Rocky Hill, Connecticut 06067	1-877-671-4608 (toll free) or 1-303-592-1711		
	TRANSPORT EMERGENCY Phone: CHEMTREC		
	1-800-424-9300 (toll free) or 1-703-527-3887		
	Internet: www.henkelna.com		

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

DANGER: CAUSES SKIN IRRITATION.
 MAY CAUSE AN ALLERGIC SKIN REACTION.
 CAUSES SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE.
 MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO ORGANS THROUGH PROLONGED OR REPEATED EXPOSURE.

HAZARD CLASS	HAZARD CATEGORY
SKIN IRRITATION	2
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE	1
SKIN SENSITIZATION	1
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE	2

PICTOGRAM(S)



Precautionary Statements

Prevention: Do not breathe vapors, mist, or spray. Wash affected area thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear protective gloves, eye protection, and face protection.

Response: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if you feel unwell. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. Take off contaminated clothing.

Storage: Not prescribed

Disposal: Dispose of contents and/or container according to Federal, State/Provincial and local governmental regulations.

Classification complies with OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) and is consistent with the provisions of the United Nations Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS).

See Section 11 for additional toxicological information.

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Hazardous Component(s)	CAS Number	Percentage*
Ethylene glycol	107-21-1	5 - 10
Trimethylolpropane poly(oxypropylene)triamine 5-6PO	39423-51-3	1 - 5
Treated fumed silica	67762-90-7	1 - 5
Silicon dioxide	7631-86-9	0.1 - 1
Carbon black	1333-86-4	0.1 - 1
N-(3-(Trimethoxysilyl)propyl)ethylenediamine	1760-24-3	0.1 - 1

* Exact percentages may vary or are trade secret. Concentration range is provided to assist users in providing appropriate protections.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation:	Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention.
Skin contact:	Immediately flush skin with plenty of water (using soap, if available). Remove contaminated clothing and footwear. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.
Eye contact:	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.
Ingestion:	DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention.
Symptoms:	See Section 11.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media:	Water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.
Special firefighting procedures:	Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing, such as turn-out gear. In case of fire, keep containers cool with water spray.
Unusual fire or explosion hazards:	Closed containers may rupture (due to build up of pressure) when exposed to extreme heat.
Hazardous combustion products:	Oxides of carbon, oxides of nitrogen, irritating organic vapors. Alcohols. Aldehydes. Ethers.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Use personal protection recommended in Section 8, isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel.

Environmental precautions:	Do not allow product to enter sewer or waterways.
Clean-up methods:	Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate and ventilate spill area; dike spill to prevent entry into water system; wear full protective equipment during clean-up. Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Scrape up as much material as possible. Store in a partly filled, closed container until disposal. Refer to Section 8 "Exposure Controls / Personal Protection" prior to clean up.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Prevent contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not breathe vapor and mist. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container closed. Refer to Section 8.
Storage:	Avoid moisture. Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place away from incompatible materials. Store away from heat, sparks, flames, or other sources of ignition. Store in original container until ready to use.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Employers should complete an assessment of all workplaces to determine the need for, and selection of, proper exposure controls and protective equipment for each task performed.

Hazardous Component(s)	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	AIHA WEEL	OTHER
Ethylene glycol	25 ppm TWA Vapor fraction 50 ppm STEL Vapor fraction 10 mg/m3 STEL Aerosol, inhalable.	None	None	None
Trimethylolpropane poly(oxypropylene)triamine 5-6PO	None	None	None	None
Treated fumed silica	10 mg/m3 TWA Inhalable dust. 3 mg/m3 TWA Respirable fraction.	15 mg/m3 TWA Total dust. 5 mg/m3 TWA Respirable fraction.	None	None
Silicon dioxide	6 mg/m3 TWA	20 MPPCF TWA 0.8 mg/m3 TWA	None	3 mg/m3 TWA Respirable fraction.
Carbon black	3 mg/m3 TWA Inhalable fraction.	3.5 mg/m3 PEL	None	None
N-(3-(Trimethoxysilyl)propyl)ethylenediamine	None	None	None	None

Engineering controls:	Provide adequate local exhaust ventilation to maintain worker exposure below exposure limits.
Respiratory protection:	Use a NIOSH approved air-purifying respirator if the potential to exceed established exposure limits exists.
Eye/face protection:	Safety goggles or safety glasses with side shields. Full face protection should be used if the potential for splashing or spraying of product exists. Safety showers and eye wash stations should be available.
Skin protection:	Use chemical resistant, impermeable clothing including gloves and either an apron or body suit to prevent skin contact.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state:	Liquid
Color:	Light, Cream
Odor:	Mild
Odor threshold:	Not available.
pH:	Not available.
Vapor pressure:	Not available.
Boiling point/range:	197 °C (386.6 °F)
Melting point/ range:	Not available.
Specific gravity:	1.0696
Vapor density:	Not available.
Flash point:	> 93.33 °C (> 199.99 °F) Setafash Closed Cup
Flammable/Explosive limits - lower:	Not available.
Flammable/Explosive limits - upper:	Not available.

Autoignition temperature:	Not available.
Flammability:	Not applicable
Evaporation rate:	Not available.
Solubility in water:	Slightly soluble
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	Not available.
VOC content:	0.0 % California SCAQMD Method 316B
Viscosity:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature:	Not available.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability:	Stable under normal conditions of storage and use.
Hazardous reactions:	None under normal processing.
Hazardous decomposition products:	Oxides of carbon. Oxides of nitrogen. Alcohols. Aldehydes. Ethers. Irritating organic vapours.
Incompatible materials:	Oxidizing agents. Acids. Bases. Nitrates.
Reactivity:	Not available.
Conditions to avoid:	Avoid moisture. Elevated temperatures. Heat, flames, sparks and other sources of ignition. Store away from incompatible materials.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Relevant routes of exposure:	Skin, Inhalation, Eyes, Ingestion
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Potential Health Effects/Symptoms

Inhalation: Inhalation of vapors or mists of the product may be irritating to the respiratory system.
Skin contact: Corrosive to skin. Causes skin burns. May cause allergic skin reaction. Rash. Redness.
Eye contact: Causes serious eye damage. Burns. Redness. Pain and discomfort. Tissue damage.
Ingestion: Irritation and corrosive action can occur in the mouth, stomach tissue and digestive tract if swallowed. May cause burns of mouth and throat if swallowed.

Hazardous Component(s)	LD50s and LC50s	Immediate and Delayed Health Effects
Ethylene glycol	Oral LD50 (Rat) = 5.89 g/kg Oral LD50 (Mouse) = 14.6 g/kg Dermal LD50 (Rabbit) = 9,530 mg/kg	Blood, Bone Marrow, Central nervous system, Developmental, Eyes, Irritant, Kidney, Liver, Metabolic
Trimethylolpropane poly(oxypropylene)triamine 5-6PO	None	Corrosive, Irritant
Treated fumed silica	None	Irritant
Silicon dioxide	Oral LD50 (Rat) = > 22,500 mg/kg Oral LD50 (Mouse) = > 15,000 mg/kg	Nuisance dust
Carbon black	Oral LD50 (Rat) = > 8,000 mg/kg	Respiratory, Some evidence of carcinogenicity
N-(3-(Trimethoxysilyl)propyl)ethylenediamine	None	Irritant, Allergen

Hazardous Component(s)	NTP Carcinogen	IARC Carcinogen	OSHA Carcinogen (Specifically Regulated)
Ethylene glycol	No	No	No
Trimethylolpropane poly(oxypropylene)triamine 5-6PO	No	No	No
Treated fumed silica	No	No	No
Silicon dioxide	No	No	No
Carbon black	No	Group 2B	No
N-(3-(Trimethoxysilyl)propyl)ethylenediamine	No	No	No

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecological information: Not available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Information provided is for unused product only.

Recommended method of disposal: Follow all local, state, federal and provincial regulations for disposal.

Hazardous waste number: It is the responsibility of the user to determine if an item is hazardous as defined in the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) at the time of disposal. Product uses, transformations, mixtures, processes, etc., may render the resulting material hazardous, under the criteria of ignitability, corrosivity, reactivity and toxicity characteristics of the Toxicity Characteristics Leaching Procedure (TCLP) 40 CFR 261.20-24.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The transport information provided in this section only applies to the material/formulation itself, and is not specific to any package/configuration.

U.S. Department of Transportation Ground (49 CFR)

Proper shipping name: Amines, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. (Trimethylolpropane polyoxypropylenetriamine)
Hazard class or division: 8
Identification number: UN 2735
Packing group: III

International Air Transportation (ICAO/IATA)

Proper shipping name: Amines, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. (Trimethylolpropane polyoxypropylenetriamine)
Hazard class or division: 8
Identification number: UN 2735
Packing group: III

Water Transportation (IMO/IMDG)

Proper shipping name: AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (Trimethylolpropane polyoxypropylenetriamine)
Hazard class or division: 8
Identification number: UN 2735
Packing group: III

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

United States Regulatory Information

TSCA 8 (b) Inventory Status: All components are listed or are exempt from listing on the Toxic Substances Control Act Inventory.

TSCA 12 (b) Export Notification: None above reporting de minimis

CERCLA/SARA Section 302 EHS: None above reporting de minimis.
CERCLA/SARA Section 311/312: Immediate Health, Delayed Health
CERCLA/SARA Section 313: This product contains the following toxic chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act of 1986 (40 CFR 372). Ethylene glycol (CAS# 107-21-1).

California Proposition 65: This product contains a chemical known in the State of California to cause cancer. This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Canada Regulatory Information

CEPA DSL/NDSL Status: Contains one or more components listed on the Non-Domestic Substances List. All other components are listed on or are exempt from listing on the Domestic Substances List. Components listed on the NDSL must be tracked by all Canadian Importers of Record as required by Environment Canada. They may be imported into Canada in limited quantities. Please contact Regulatory Affairs for additional details.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

This safety data sheet contains changes from the previous version in sections: 2

Prepared by: Product Safety and Regulatory Affairs

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Revision Number: 006.0

Issue date: 10/05/2017

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name:	LOCTITE PC 7393 ISOCYANATE known as Kit 96675 ISOCYANATE	IDH number:	702221
Product type:	2-Component polyurethane adhesive	Item number:	96675_30014N000
Restriction of Use:	None identified	Region:	United States
Company address:	Henkel Corporation Henkel Way One Rocky Hill, Connecticut 06067	Contact information:	Telephone: +1 (860) 571-5100 MEDICAL EMERGENCY Phone: Poison Control Center 1-877-671-4608 (toll free) or 1-303-592-1711 TRANSPORT EMERGENCY Phone: CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (toll free) or 1-703-527-3887 Internet: www.henkelna.com

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

DANGER: CAUSES SKIN IRRITATION.
MAY CAUSE AN ALLERGIC SKIN REACTION.
CAUSES SERIOUS EYE IRRITATION.
MAY CAUSE ALLERGY OR ASTHMA SYMPTOMS OR BREATHING DIFFICULTIES IF INHALED.
SUSPECTED OF CAUSING CANCER.
MAY DAMAGE FERTILITY OR THE UNBORN CHILD.
CAUSES DAMAGE TO ORGANS THROUGH PROLONGED OR REPEATED EXPOSURE.

HAZARD CLASS	HAZARD CATEGORY
SKIN IRRITATION	2
EYE IRRITATION	2A
RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION	1
SKIN SENSITIZATION	1
CARCINOGENICITY	2
REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY	1B
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE	1

PICTOGRAM(S)



Precautionary Statements

Prevention: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe vapors, mist, or spray. Wash affected area thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear protective gloves, clothing, eye and face protection. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Response: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention. Take off contaminated clothing.

Storage: Store locked up.

Disposal: Dispose of contents and/or container according to Federal, State/Provincial and local governmental regulations.

Classification complies with OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) and is consistent with the provisions of the United Nations Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS).

See Section 11 for additional toxicological information.

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Hazardous Component(s)	CAS Number	Percentage*
Poly(oxytetramethylene)glycol, polymer with trimethylolpropane, methylenebis(4-phenylisocyanate), isocyanate terminated	68610-33-3	40 - 50
Methylenebis(phenylisocyanate)	101-68-8	20 - 30
Methylene bisphenyl isocyanate	26447-40-5	10 - 20
Polymeric diphenylmethane diisocyanate	9016-87-9	10 - 20
Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	117-81-7	5 - 10
Treated fumed silica	67762-90-7	1 - 5

* Exact percentages may vary or are trade secret. Concentration range is provided to assist users in providing appropriate protections.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation: Move to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Asthmatic-type symptoms may develop and may be immediate or delayed up to several hours. Get medical attention.

Skin contact: Immediately flush skin with plenty of water (using soap, if available). Remove contaminated clothing and footwear. For severe exposures, get under safety shower after removing clothing, then get medical attention. For lesser exposure, seek medical attention if irritation develops or persists after area is washed. Wash clothing before reuse.

Eye contact: Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get immediate medical attention.

Symptoms: See Section 11.

Notes to physician: Eyes: Stain for evidence of corneal injury. If cornea is burned, instill antibiotic steroid preparation frequently. Workplace vapors have produced reversible corneal epithelial edema impairing vision. Skin: This compound is a known skin sensitizer. Treat symptomatically as for contact dermatitis or thermal burns. Ingestion: Treat symptomatically. There is no specific antidote. Inducing vomiting is contraindicated because of the irritating nature of this compound. Respiratory: This compound is a known pulmonary sensitizer. Treat symptomatically and supportively.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media:	Foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.
Special firefighting procedures:	Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing, such as turn-out gear. During a fire, MDI vapors and other irritating, highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion. At temperatures above 204.4°C (400°F), polymeric MDI can polymerize and decompose which can cause pressure build-up in closed containers. Explosive rupture is possible.
Unusual fire or explosion hazards:	Sealed containers at elevated temperatures or contaminated with water may rupture explosively. Water or fog may cause frothing which can be violent especially if sprayed into containers of hot or burning liquid. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.
Hazardous combustion products:	Oxides of carbon. Oxides of nitrogen. Hydrogen cyanide. Isocyanates. Irritating organic vapours.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Use personal protection recommended in Section 8, isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel.

Environmental precautions:	Do not allow product to enter sewer or waterways.
Clean-up methods:	Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate and ventilate spill area; dike spill to prevent entry into water system; wear full protective equipment during clean-up. Refer to Section 8 "Exposure Controls / Personal Protection" prior to clean up. If temporary control of isocyanate vapor is required, a blanket of protein foam (available at most fire departments) may be placed over spill. Large quantities may be pumped into closed, but not sealed containers for disposal. For minor spills, absorb isocyanates with sawdust or other absorbent, shovel into suitable unsealed containers, transport to well ventilated area (outside) and treat with neutralizing solution: mixture of 80% water and 20% non-ionic surfactant Tergitol TMN-10; or 90% water, 3-8% concentrated ammonia and 2% detergent. Add about ten parts of neutralizer per part of isocyanate, with mixing. Allow to stand uncovered for 48 hours to let carbon dioxide escape. Decontaminate floor with decontamination solution letting stand for at least 15 minutes.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling:	Prevent contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not breathe vapor and mist. Wash thoroughly after handling. Exposure to vapors of heated MDI can be extremely dangerous. Use only with adequate ventilation. Protect from moisture. Keep container closed. Employee education and training in the safe use and handling of this compound are required under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard. Refer to Section 8.
Storage:	Do not let moisture contaminate this material. Product reacts with water to release carbon dioxide, which could build up pressure in closed containers and lead to bursting. Do not reseal if moisture contamination is suspected. Do not reseal if contamination is suspected. MDI reacts slowly with water to form carbon dioxide gas. This gas can cause sealed containers to expand and possibly rupture. If container is exposed to high heat (204.4 °C (400 °F)), it can be pressurized and possibly rupture. Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place away from incompatible materials. Store away from heat, sparks, flames, or other sources of ignition.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Employers should complete an assessment of all workplaces to determine the need for, and selection of, proper exposure controls and protective equipment for each task performed.

Hazardous Component(s)	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	AIHA WEEL	OTHER
Poly(oxytetramethylene)glycol, polymer with trimethylolpropane, methylenebis(4-phenylisocyanate), isocyanate terminated	None	None	None	None
Methylenebis(phenylisocyanate)	0.005 ppm TWA	0.02 ppm (0.2 mg/m ³) Ceiling	None	None
Methylene bisphenyl isocyanate	None	None	None	None
Polymeric diphenylmethane diisocyanate	None	None	None	None
Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	5 mg/m ³ TWA	5 mg/m ³ PEL	None	None
Treated fumed silica	10 mg/m ³ TWA Inhalable dust. 3 mg/m ³ TWA Respirable fraction.	15 mg/m ³ TWA Total dust. 5 mg/m ³ TWA Respirable fraction.	None	None

Engineering controls:

Local exhaust should be used to maintain levels below the TLV whenever MDI is processed, heated or spray applied. Standard reference sources regarding industrial ventilation (i.e., ACGIH Industrial Ventilation) should be consulted for guidance about adequate ventilation. Air monitoring: Monitoring of airborne isocyanates in the breathing zone of individuals should become part of the overall employee exposure characterization program. Isocyanate exposure levels must be monitored. Monitoring techniques have been developed by NIOSH and OSHA. Medical Surveillance: Medical supervision of all employees who handle or come in contact with isocyanates is recommended. These should include preemployment and periodic medical examinations with pulmonary function tests (FEV₁, FVC as a minimum). Persons with asthmatic-type conditions, chronic bronchitis, other chronic respiratory diseases or recurrent skin eczema or sensitization should be excluded from working with isocyanates. Once a person is diagnosed as sensitized to an isocyanate, no further exposure can be permitted.

Respiratory protection:

Concentrations greater than the TLV can occur when MDI is sprayed, heated or used in a poorly ventilated area. In such cases, or whenever concentrations of MDI exceed the TLV, respiratory protection must be worn. Observe OSHA regulations for respirator use (29 CFR 1910.134). A positive pressure, supplied-air respirator or a self-contained breathing apparatus is recommended. In situations where MDI is not sprayed, heated, or used in a poorly ventilated area, and a supplied-air or self-contained breathing apparatus is unavailable or its use impractical, at least an air-purifying cartridge and particulate pre-filters must be worn.

However, this should be permitted only for short periods of time (less than one hour) at relatively low concentrations (at or near the TLV). However, due to the poor warning properties of MDI, proper fit and timely replacement of filter elements must be ensured.

Eyeface protection:

Safety glasses with sideshields or chemical safety goggles should be worn if there is a risk of splashing. Full face protection should be used if the potential for splashing or spraying of product exists. Safety showers and eye wash stations should be available. Vapor resistant goggles should be worn when contact lenses are in use.

Skin protection:

Use chemical resistant, impermeable clothing including gloves and either an apron or body suit to prevent skin contact. Permeation resistant gloves (butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, polyvinyl alcohol). Neoprene gloves. However, please note that polyvinyl alcohol degrades in water. Cover as much of the exposed skin area as possible with appropriate clothing. If skin creams are used, keep the area covered by the cream to a minimum. Safety showers and eye wash stations should be available. Educate and train employees in safe use of product.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state:	Liquid
Color:	Colorless, to, Straw
Odor:	Musty, Slight
Odor threshold:	Not available.
pH:	Not available.
Vapor pressure:	Not available.
Boiling point/range:	Not available.
Melting point/ range:	Not available.
Specific gravity:	1.157 (approximate)
Vapor density:	Heavier than air.
Flash point:	> 93.33 °C (> 199.99 °F) ; Estimated
Flammable/Explosive limits - lower:	Not determined
Flammable/Explosive limits - upper:	Not determined
Autoignition temperature:	Not determined
Flammability:	Not applicable
Evaporation rate:	Not available.
Solubility in water:	Negligible. Reacts slowly with water to liberate carbon dioxide gas.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	Not available.
VOC content:	Not available.
Viscosity:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature:	Not available.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability:	Stable under normal conditions of storage and use.
Hazardous reactions:	Contact with moisture, other materials which can react with isocyanates, or temperatures above 204.4°C (400°F), may cause polymerization.
Hazardous decomposition products:	Oxides of carbon. Oxides of nitrogen. Isocyanates. Hydrogen cyanide. Irritating organic vapours. MDI vapors and aerosols.
Incompatible materials:	Water, Amines, Alkalis, Alcohols. Will cause some corrosion of copper alloys and aluminum. Ammonia. Strong acids and strong bases.
Reactivity:	Not available.
Conditions to avoid:	Keep away from heat, ignition sources and incompatible materials. Contamination with water.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Relevant routes of exposure:	Skin, Inhalation, Eyes, Ingestion
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Potential Health Effects/Symptoms

Inhalation: Harmful if inhaled. Acute: Methylene bisphenyl isocyanate (MDI) vapors or mist at concentrations above the TLV can irritate the mucous membranes in the respiratory tract (nose, throat, lungs) causing runny nose, sore throat, coughing, chest discomfort, shortness of breath and reduced lung function (breathing obstruction). Persons with preexisting, nonspecific bronchial hyper-reactivity can respond to concentrations below the TLV with similar symptoms as well as lead to bronchitis, bronchial spasm and pulmonary edema (fluid in lungs). These effects are usually reversible. Chemical or hypersensitive pneumonitis with flu-like symptoms (e.g. fever, chills) have also been reported. Chronic: As a result of previous repeated overexposures or a single large dose, certain individuals will develop isocyanate sensitization (chemical asthma) which will cause them to react to a later exposure to isocyanate at levels well below the TLV. Chronic overexposure to isocyanates has been reported to cause lung damage. May cause allergic respiratory reaction. These symptoms, which can include chest tightness, wheezing, cough, shortness of breath or asthma attack, could be immediate or delayed (up to several hours after exposure). Similar to many non-specific asthmatic responses, there are reports that once sensitized an individual can experience these symptoms upon exposure to dust, cold air, or other irritants. This increased lung sensitivity can persist for weeks and in severe cases for several years. Sensitization can either be temporary or permanent. Over exposure to isocyanates has also been reported to cause lung damage (including decrease in lung function) which may be permanent.

Skin contact: Acute: Causes skin irritation. May cause allergic skin reaction. Isocyanates react with skin protein and moisture and can cause irritation which may include the following symptoms: reddening, swelling, rash, scaling or blistering. Cured material is difficult to remove. Chronic: Prolonged contact can cause reddening, swelling, rash, scaling, blistering and in some cases, skin sensitization. Individuals who have skin sensitization can develop these symptoms from contact with liquid or vapor. Once sensitized, an individual may react even to airborne levels below the TLV with the following symptoms: itching and tingling of the earlobes and neck, rash, hives, swelling of the arms and legs or other symptoms common to allergic dermatitis. Animal tests have indicated that respiratory sensitization can result from skin contact with MDI. These data reinforce the need to prevent direct skin contact with MDI.

Eye contact: Causes serious eye irritation. Stinging. Liquid, aerosols or vapor are irritating and can cause tearing, reddening and swelling. If left untreated, corneal damage can occur and injury is slow to heal.

Ingestion: May cause gastrointestinal tract irritation if swallowed. Symptoms can include sore throat, abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Hazardous Component(s)	LD50s and LC50s	Immediate and Delayed Health Effects
Poly(oxytetramethylene)glycol, polymer with trimethylolpropane, methylenebis(4-phenylisocyanate), isocyanate terminated	None	No Data
Methylenebis(phenylisocyanate)	Inhalation LC50 (Rat, 4 h) = 0.38 mg/l	Irritant, Respiratory, Allergen
Methylene bisphenyl isocyanate	None	Allergen, Irritant, Mutagen, Respiratory
Polymeric diphenylmethane diisocyanate	None	Allergen, Irritant, Kidney, Liver, Respiratory
Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	Oral LD50 (Rabbit) = 33.9 g/kg Oral LD50 (Mouse) = > 30 g/kg Oral LD50 (Rat) = > 25 g/kg Dermal LD50 (Rabbit) = 25 g/kg	Central nervous system, Developmental, Kidney, Liver, Reproductive, Some evidence of carcinogenicity
Treated fumed silica	None	Irritant

Hazardous Component(s)	NTP Carcinogen	IARC Carcinogen	OSHA Carcinogen (Specifically Regulated)
Poly(oxytetramethylene)glycol, polymer with trimethylolpropane, methylenebis(4-phenylisocyanate), isocyanate terminated	No	No	No
Methylenebis(phenylisocyanate)	No	No	No
Methylene bisphenyl isocyanate	No	No	No
Polymeric diphenylmethane diisocyanate	No	No	No
Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.	Group 2B	No
Treated fumed silica	No	No	No

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecological information: Not available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Information provided is for unused product only.

Recommended method of disposal: Follow all local, state, federal and provincial regulations for disposal.

Hazardous waste number: Not a RCRA hazardous waste.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The transport information provided in this section only applies to the material/formulation itself, and is not specific to any package/configuration.

U.S. Department of Transportation Ground (49 CFR)

Proper shipping name: RQ, Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.
Hazard class or division: 9
Identification number: UN 3082
Packing group: III
DOT Hazardous Substance(s): Diethylhexyl phthalate, Methylene diphenyl diisocyanate

International Air Transportation (ICAO/IATA)

Proper shipping name: RQ, Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.
Hazard class or division: 9
Identification number: UN 3082
Packing group: III

Water Transportation (IMO/IMDG)

Proper shipping name: RQ, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.
Hazard class or division: 9
Identification number: UN 3082
Packing group: III

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

United States Regulatory Information

TSCA 8 (b) Inventory Status: All components are listed or are exempt from listing on the Toxic Substances Control Act Inventory.

TSCA 12 (b) Export Notification: None above reporting de minimis

CERCLA/SARA Section 302 EHS: None above reporting de minimis.

CERCLA/SARA Section 311/312: Immediate Health, Delayed Health

CERCLA/SARA Section 313: This product contains the following toxic chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act of 1986 (40 CFR 372). Methylenebis(phenylisocyanate) (CAS# 101-68-8). Polymeric diphenylmethane diisocyanate (CAS# 9016-87-9). Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate (CAS# 117-81-7).

CERCLA Reportable quantity: Methylenebis(phenylisocyanate) (CAS# 101-68-8) 5,000 lbs. (2,270 kg)
Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate (CAS# 117-81-7) 100 lbs. (45.4 kg)

California Proposition 65: This product contains a chemical known in the State of California to cause cancer. This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Canada Regulatory Information

CEPA DSL/NDSL Status: Contains one or more components listed on the Non-Domestic Substances List. All other components are listed on or are exempt from listing on the Domestic Substances List. Components listed on the NDSL must be tracked by all Canadian Importers of Record as required by Environment Canada. They may be imported into Canada in limited quantities. Please contact Regulatory Affairs for additional details.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

This safety data sheet contains changes from the previous version in sections: 2

Prepared by: Product Safety and Regulatory Affairs

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